

Press Release
on the Situation Following the Ceasefire Agreement from 6:00 AM on 23 January
to 6:00 AM on 24 January 2026



The Ministry of Interior of the Royal Government of Cambodia hereby informs the national and international community that the aggressive acts committed by the Thai side against Cambodia's sovereignty and territorial integrity have caused impacts and damage in 7 provinces, namely Preah Vihear, Oddar Meanchey, Banteay Meanchey, Battambang, Pursat, Koh Kong, and Siem Reap. As of the period from 6:00 AM on 23 January to 6:00 AM on 24 January 2026, the overall situation is as follows:

1. Situation of Displaced Persons: An additional 1,255 displaced persons returned to their homes. Therefore, approximately 530,000 people, equivalent to about 82 percent of the total of more than 640,000 displaced persons, have reintegrated into their communities. As a result, there are 116,779 displaced persons, including 61,455 women and 38,230 children, remaining in displacement camps.

2. The Resumption and Continued Suspension of Essential Public Services: In **Oddar Meanchey Province**, 242 schools, 34 hospitals/health centers, 1 provincial administration, 33 provincial departments, 5 district administrations, 10 competent enforcement units at municipal and district level, 24 commune/sangkat administrations, and 24 police stations have resumed operation, while 18 schools and 7 hospitals/health centers remain temporarily closed. In **Banteay Meanchey Province**, public service institutions at the provincial, municipal, district, and commune/sangkat levels have resumed operations, while 5 schools and 1 hospital/health center remain temporarily closed. In **Preah Vihear Province**, 32 schools, 12 hospitals/health centers, and public service institutions at 1 district and 6 commune/sangkat levels have resumed operations, while 29 schools and 14 hospitals/health centers remain temporarily closed.

3. Impacts and Destruction of Civilian Physical Infrastructure: No new report has been received yet. Therefore, from 7 December 2025, **damage to private property** includes 980 houses, 7 privately owned buildings, 10 apartments/hotels, 4 gas stations, 1 private market, 34 cars, 10 motorcycles, 1 cassava purchasing warehouse, 1 storage warehouse, 3 cell towers, 6 water reservoirs and water treatment facilities, 1 rice barn, and 2 animals/wildlife. **Damage to public property** includes 26 schools, 14 hospitals/health centers, 42 government office buildings, 19 pagodas, 1 almsgiving hall, 2 statues, 1 vehicle, 4 ancient temples, 5 bridges, 1 market, 87 road sections, 1 electricity supply facility, and 3 electricity transmission lines. The local authorities continue to assess and collect data on the impacts.

4. Measures by the Provincial Administration and Assistance to Citizens: The Ministry continues to pay close attention to the management and care of displaced persons at displacement camps by distributing food supplies and tents; arranging accommodation, clean water, electricity, healthcare services, toilets, and essential supplies; and strengthening administrative management as well as maintaining security and public order. At the same time, **the Ministry** also continues to closely monitor and manage the overall situation within the provinces, reinforce public security and order, collect statistics, inspect and address emerging impacts and issues, coordinate assistance and support for the return of displaced persons to their homes, and receive humanitarian aid for displaced persons. Overall, **The Ministry of Interior of the Royal Government of Cambodia** has been paying close attention to and monitoring developments on the frontline on an ongoing basis, working in close coordination with the Royal Cambodian Armed Forces to safeguard sovereignty and the lawful territorial integrity of the nation. At the same time, under its competence, **the Ministry** has continued to monitor and support the preparations for the resumption of various public services along the

Cambodia–Thailand border areas, including municipal, district, and commune–sangkat administrations; municipal and district police inspectorates; commune–sangkat police stations; schools; hospitals; and health centers, among others.

The Ministry of Interior of the Royal Government of Cambodia fully supports and respects **Samdech Akka Moha Sena Padei Techo Hun Sen**, who clearly stated that **Cambodia will not make any concessions compromising its sovereignty or dignity**. In this regard, **the Ministry of Interior** hereby declares its support for the Royal Government’s recent protest against the activities of the Thai armed forces, which have undermined efforts to de-escalate tensions, particularly through the installation of a Buddha statue at the site of a statue of Lord Vishnu in An Ses area of Preah Vihear Province, the placement of containers to block road access, and the construction of bunkers using heavy machinery in the Boeung Trakoun area of Banteay Meanchey Province. We once again urge and encourage the Thai side to fully and in good faith implement all the provisions of the Joint Statement of the 3rd Special General Border Committee (GBC) Meeting of 27 December 2025, and relevant agreements, in strict adherence to the principles of international law, under which it is well understood by the Thai side that **borders must not be altered by force**.

Likewise, **the Ministry of Interior of the Royal Government of Cambodia** expresses its full and sincere confidence in the national defense strategy and diplomatic policy, in accordance with the Constitution and the Charter of the United Nations, as well as in the **“Quiet but not Silent”** strategy that the Royal Government has been implementing, which has continued to yield positive outcomes. These efforts aim to ensure long-term peace and to firmly safeguard Cambodia’s sovereignty and territorial integrity. The most important contribution of our fellow citizens at this time, as **Samdech Moha Borvor Thipadei Hun Manet** has already emphasized, is that **“The key priority of our nation at this time is to transform the hardships facing the country and the steadfast determination of every Cambodian today into a strong force of national resilience and a sacred national objective, namely, unity and solidarity as one, in order to protect our beloved motherland and to strengthen the Khmer nation in accordance with the sacred aspirations of all Cambodians. In this regard, it is imperative that we unite in solidarity with a shared national commitment to strengthen national potential across all sectors and to eliminate all forms of inaction within our society that weaken the nation.”**

Therefore, in this most critical period, **the Ministry of Interior of the Royal Government of Cambodia** calls upon fellow citizens to continue standing united in solidarity, grounded in one enduring Khmer national spirit, and to avoid falling victim to the political agenda of extremist opposition groups that are spreading false information, undermining national unity, and causing harm to the nation’s vital interests.

Phnom Penh, 24 January 2026