

Press Release
on the Situation Following the Ceasefire Agreement
from 6:00 AM on 30 January to 6:00 AM on 31 January 2026
and the Position of the Ministry of Interior of the Royal Government of Cambodia



The Ministry of Interior of the Royal Government of Cambodia wishes to inform the national and international community that, since the ceasefire between Cambodia and Thailand came into effect on 27 December 2025, both sides have refrained from engaging in armed clashes. Despite this, Cambodia has continued to monitor and take note of a number of dishonest activities by the Thai side. The impacts on civilians and civilian areas caused by aggressive acts committed by the Thai side have created hardships, which are being addressed on a continuous and priority basis by the Royal Government. **The Ministry of Interior** wishes to provide an update on the overall situation from 6:00 AM on 30 January to 6:00 AM on 31 January 2026, along with the reaffirmation of key positions, as follows:

1. Situation of Displaced Persons: As of now, approximately 540,000 people, equivalent to about 83 percent of the total of more than 640,000 displaced persons, have returned to their homes. There are 112,262 displaced persons, including 58,842 women and 36,744 children, remaining in displacement camps.

2. The Continued Suspension of Essential Public Services: 14 schools and 7 hospitals/health centers in **Oddar Meanchey Province**, 5 schools and 1 hospital/health center in **Banteay Meanchey Province**, and 29 schools and 14 hospitals/health centers in **Preah Vihear Province** remain temporarily closed. In its capacity as the Royal Government's lead institution for territorial administrative management, **the Ministry of Interior** has been leading sub-national administrations, in cooperation with relevant ministries and institutions, to promote the restoration of people's livelihoods and the operation of affected and suspended public services, with an emphasis on protection and comprehensive support for displaced persons who are not yet able to return to their homes.

3. Destruction of Civilian Physical Infrastructure: From 7 December 2025, **damage to private property** includes 980 houses, 7 privately owned buildings, 10 apartments/hotels, 4 gas stations, 1 private market, 34 cars, 10 motorcycles, 1 cassava purchasing warehouse, 1 storage warehouse, 3 cell towers, 6 water reservoirs and water treatment facilities, 1 rice barn, and 2 animals/wildlife. **Damage to public property** includes 26 schools, 14 hospitals/health centers, 42 government office buildings, 19 pagodas, 1 almsgiving hall, 2 statues, 1 vehicle, 4 ancient temples, 5 bridges, 1 market, 87 road sections, 1 electricity supply facility, and 3 electricity transmission lines. The local authorities continue to assess and collect data on the impacts.

The Ministry of Interior of the Royal Government of Cambodia fully supports and respects **Samdech Akka Moha Sena Padei Techo Hun Sen**, who clearly stated that **Cambodia will not make any concessions compromising its sovereignty or dignity**. In this regard, **the Ministry of Interior** hereby declares its support for the Royal Government of Cambodia under the leadership of **Samdech Moha Borvor Thipadei Hun Manet**, which is fully implementing the Joint Statement of the 3rd Special General Border Committee (GBC) Meeting of 27 December 2025, and relevant agreements, in strict adherence to the principles of international law, under which it is also well understood by the Thai side that **borders must not be altered by force**. In contrast, the Thai side has continued to undertake a number of actions that are not in line with the Joint Statement of the 3rd Special GBC Meeting, particularly with regard to respect for sovereignty and territorial integrity. In this case, some Cambodian civilians remain unable to return to their homes in safety and dignity, as their houses have either been blocked by the Thai side through physical obstruction or security threats, or have been completely destroyed, after the ceasefire came into effect. Such actions are in contrast to the

commitments set out in the Joint Statement and have forced displaced persons to continue living in temporary shelters, while thousands of children remain unable to return to school. Nevertheless, at the ASEAN Foreign Ministers' Retreat held in Cebu, the Philippines, on 29 January 2026, Cambodia reaffirmed its firm and faithful commitment to maintaining and implementing the ceasefire and the Joint Statement. Cambodia firmly hopes that this outcome will not only lead to the cessation of hostilities and the restoration of calm and normalcy along the border, but will also help pave the way toward a just and lasting solution, enabling the peoples of both countries to live side by side in peace, stability, and shared prosperity.

The Ministry of Interior of the Royal Government of Cambodia calls upon the ASEAN community to continue supporting the peaceful resolution of this dispute, in accordance with international law, existing treaties and agreements, and the fundamental principle of non-use of force against the territorial integrity of any state, so that peace and stability may be realized for the peoples of both countries, the region, and the international community. We also wish to call upon fellow citizens to continue standing united in solidarity, grounded in one enduring Khmer national spirit, and to avoid falling victim to the political agenda of extremist opposition groups that are spreading false information, undermining national unity, and causing harm to the nation's vital interests and the Royal Government's efforts to resolve the conflict based on peaceful principles, international law, and existing agreements.

Phnom Penh, 31 January 2026